AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1	1. (Currently amended) A method to facilitate locking an adversary out of
2	a network application, comprising:
3	receiving at a server a request, including an authentication credential, to
4	access the network application, wherein the authentication credential includes a
5	user identifier associated with a user and a network address of a user device;
6	examining an audit log to determine if the user identifier has been locked
7	out from the network address; and
8	if the user identifier has been locked out from the network address,
9	denying access to the network application;
10	otherwise, checking the authentication credential for validity, and
11	if the authentication credential is valid,
12	allowing access to the network application,
13	otherwise,
14	logging a failed attempt in the audit log, wherein
15	imposing a lockout for the user identifier is locked
16	out-from the network address after a threshold number of
17	failed attempts from the network address,
18	imposing a global lockout for the user identifier
19	after a threshold number of network addresses are locked
20	out for the user identifier, and
21	denying access to the network application;

22	whereby the adversary is prevented from accomplishing an attack by
23	masquerading as the user.
1	2 (Canceled).
1	3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
2	removing a lockout after a predetermined period of time.
1	4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
2	manually removing a lockout by an administrator of the server.
1	5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the authentication credential
2	includes a user name and a password.
1	6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein checking the authentication
2	credential for validity involves:
3	verifying that an administrator has authorized access to the network
4	application for a combination of the user name and the password; and
5	determining if the request violates an access rule in a rule table.
1	7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the access rule can specify:
2	an allowed time-of-day;
3	an allowed number of access attempts;
4	an allowed network address; and
5	an allowed network domain.
1	8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the network address include:

an Internet Protocol address.

1	9. (Currently amended) A computer-readable storage medium storing
2	instructions that when executed by a computer cause the computer to perform a
3	method to facilitate locking an adversary out of a network application,
4	comprising:
5	receiving at a server a request, including an authentication credential, to
6	access the network application, wherein the authentication credential includes a
7	user identifier associated with a user and a network address of a user device;
8	examining an audit log to determine if the user identifier has been locked
9	out from the network address; and
10	if the user identifier has been locked out from the network address,
11	denying access to the network application;
12	otherwise, checking the authentication credential for validity, and
13	if the authentication credential is valid,
14	allowing access to the network application,
15	otherwise,
16	logging a failed attempt in the audit log, wherein
17	imposing a lockout for the user identifier is locked
18	out from the network address after a threshold number of
19	failed attempts from the network adddress,
20	imposing a global lockout for the user identifier
21	after a threshold number of network addresses are locked
22	out for the user identifier, and
23	denying access to the network application;
24	whereby the adversary is prevented from accomplishing an attack by
25	masquerading as the user.

10 (Canceled).

1	11. (Previously presented) The computer-readable storage medium of
2	claim 9, the method further comprising: removing a lockout after a predetermined
3	period of time.
1	12. (Previously presented) The computer-readable storage medium of
2	claim 9, the method further comprising: manually removing a lockout by an
3	administrator of the server.
1	13. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 9, wherein
2	the authentication credential includes a user name and a password.
1	14. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 13,
2	wherein checking the authentication credential for validity involves:
3	verifying that an administrator has authorized access to the network
4.	application for a combination of the user name and the password; and
5	determining if the request violates an access rule in a rule table.
1	15. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 14,
2	wherein the access rule can specify:
3	an allowed time-of-day;
4	an allowed number of access attempts;
5	an allowed network address; and
6	an allowed network domain.
1	16. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 9, wherein

the network address includes an Internet Protocol address.

1	17. (Currently amended) An apparatus to facilitate locking an adversary
2	out of a network application, comprising:
3	a receiving mechanism that is configured to receive at a server a request,
4	including an authentication credential, to access the network application, wherein
5	the authentication credential includes a user identifier associated with a user and a
6	network address of a user device;
7	an examining mechanism that is configured to examine an audit log to
8	determine if the user identifier has been locked out from the network address; and
9	an access mechanism that is configured to deny access to the user
10	identifier if the user identifier has been locked out from the network address;
11	a validation mechanism that is configured to check the authentication
12	credential for validity, wherein the access mechanism is further configured to
13	allow access if the authentication credential is valid;
14	a logging mechanism that is configured to log a failed attempt in the audit
15	log, wherein the user identifier is locked out from the network address after a
16	threshold number of failed attempts, and wherein the access mechanism is further
17	configured to deny access to the user identifier after a failed access attempt;
18	a lockout mechanism that is configured to impose a lockout for the user
19	identifier from the network address after a threshold number of failed attempts
20	from the network address;
21	wherein the lockout mechanism is further configured to impose a global
22	lockout for the user identifier after a threshold number of network addresses are
23	locked out for the user identifier; and
24	whereby the adversary is prevented from accomplishing an attack by
25	masquerading as the user.

18 (Canceled).

1	19. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 17, further comprising:
2	a lockout removing mechanism that is configured to remove a lockout after a
3	predetermined period of time.
1	20. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 17, further comprising:
2	a lockout removing mechanism that is configured to allow an administrator of the
3	server to manually remove a lockout.
1	21. (Original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the authentication
2	credential includes a user name and a password.
1	22. (Original) The apparatus of claim 21, further comprising:
2	a verification mechanism that is configured to verify that an administrator
3	has authorized access to the network application for a combination of the user
4	name and the password; and
5	a violation determining mechanism that is configured to determine if the
6	request violates an access rule in a rule table.
1	23. (Original) The apparatus of claim 22, wherein the access rule can
2	specify:
3	an allowed time-of-day;
4	an allowed number of access attempts;
5	an allowed network address; and
6	an allowed network domain.
1	24. (Original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the network address

includes an Internet Protocol address.